

The Department proposes to adopt:

§ 3591.31. Spotted lanternfly Eradication Area.

- (a) Proclamation of Eradication Area. The portions of the State of California described as follows, within which a certain pest, *Lycorma delicatula* (spotted lanternfly), is known to exist or there is an immediate threat of introduction, are hereby proclaimed to be an eradication area with respect to said pest:

The entire State.

- (b) Hosts and Possible Carriers, Within Said Area.

- (1) All plants and plant parts of the following:

<u>Genus</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Genus</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Genus</u>	<u>Species</u>
<u>Acer</u>	<u>negundo</u>	<u>Juglans</u>	<u>cinerea</u>	<u>Quercus</u>	<u>acutissima</u>
<u>Acer</u>	<u>palmatum</u>	<u>Juglans</u>	<u>hindsii</u>	<u>Quercus</u>	<u>aliena</u>
<u>Acer</u>	<u>platanoides</u>	<u>Juglans</u>	<u>major</u>	<u>Quercus</u>	<u>rubra</u>
<u>Acer</u>	<u>pseudoplatanus</u>	<u>Juglans</u>	<u>mandshurica</u>	<u>Rhus</u>	<u>chinensis</u>
<u>Acer</u>	<u>rubrum</u>	<u>Juglans</u>	<u>microcarpa</u>	<u>Rhus</u>	<u>typhina</u>
<u>Acer</u>	<u>saccharinum</u>	<u>Juglans</u>	<u>nigra</u>	<u>Robinia</u>	<u>pseudoacacia</u>
<u>Acer</u>	<u>saccharum</u>	<u>Juglans</u>	<u>x sinensis</u>	<u>Rosa</u>	<u>cvs.</u>
<u>Actinidia</u>	<u>chinensis</u>	<u>Juniperus</u>	<u>chinensis</u>	<u>Rosa</u>	<u>multiflora</u>
<u>Ailanthus</u>	<u>altissima</u>	<u>Liriodendron</u>	<u>tulipifera</u>	<u>Rosa</u>	<u>ruqosa</u>
<u>Alnus</u>	<u>incana</u>	<u>Lonicera</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Rosa</u>	<u>spp.</u>
<u>Amelanchier</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Luffa</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Rubus</u>	<u>crataegifolius</u>
<u>Angelica</u>	<u>dahurica</u>	<u>Maackia</u>	<u>amurensis</u>	<u>Rubus</u>	<u>spp.</u>
<u>Aralia</u>	<u>cordata</u>	<u>Magnolia</u>	<u>kobus</u>	<u>Salix</u>	<u>babylonica</u>
<u>Aralia</u>	<u>Elata</u>	<u>Magnolia</u>	<u>obovata</u>	<u>Salix</u>	<u>koreensis</u>
<u>Arctium</u>	<u>lappa</u>	<u>Mallotus</u>	<u>japonicus</u>	<u>Salix</u>	<u>matsudana</u>
<u>Armoracia</u>	<u>rusticana</u>	<u>Malus</u>	<u>pumila</u>	<u>Salix</u>	<u>udensis</u>
<u>Betula</u>	<u>lenta</u>	<u>Malus</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Salvia</u>	<u>spp.</u>
<u>Betula</u>	<u>pendula</u>	<u>Melia</u>	<u>azedarach</u>	<u>Sassafras</u>	<u>albidum</u>

<u>Betula</u>	<u>platyphylla</u>	<u>Metaplexis</u>	<u>japonica</u>	<u>Sorbaria</u>	<u>sorbifolia</u>
<u>Cedrela</u>	<u>fissilis</u>	<u>Monarda</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Sorbus</u>	<u>conmixta</u>
<u>Celastrus</u>	<u>orbiculatus</u>	<u>Morus</u>	<u>alba</u>	<u>Styrax</u>	<u>japonicus</u>
<u>Cornus</u>	<u>controversa</u>	<u>Morus</u>	<u>bombycis</u>	<u>Styrax</u>	<u>obassia</u>
<u>Cornus</u>	<u>kousa</u>	<u>Nyssa</u>	<u>sylvatica</u>	<u>Tetradium</u>	<u>daniellii</u>
<u>Cornus</u>	<u>officinalis</u>	<u>Ocimum</u>	<u>basilicum</u>	<u>Tetradium</u>	<u>spp.</u>
<u>Corylus</u>	<u>americana</u>	<u>Parthenocissus</u>	<u>quinquefolia</u>	<u>Thuja</u>	<u>occidentalis</u>
<u>Diospyros</u>	<u>kaki</u>	<u>Phellodendron</u>	<u>amurense</u>	<u>Toona</u>	<u>sinensis</u>
<u>Elaeagnus</u>	<u>umbellata</u>	<u>Philadelphus</u>	<u>schrenkii</u>	<u>Toxicodendron</u>	<u>radicans</u>
<u>Euphorbia</u>	<u>pulcherrima</u>	<u>Picrasma</u>	<u>quassioides</u>	<u>Toxicodendron</u>	<u>vernicifluum</u>
<u>Fagus</u>	<u>grandifolia</u>	<u>Populus</u>	<u>koreana</u>	<u>Vaccinium</u>	<u>angustifolium</u>
<u>Firmiana</u>	<u>simplex</u>	<u>Prunus</u>	<u>mume</u>	<u>Vitis</u>	<u>amurensis</u>
<u>Forsythia</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Prunus</u>	<u>persica</u>	<u>Vitis</u>	<u>riparia</u>
<u>Fraxinus</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Prunus</u>	<u>salicina</u>	<u>Vitis</u>	<u>spp.</u>
<u>Hibiscus</u>	<u>spp.</u>	<u>Prunus</u>	<u>serotina</u>	<u>Vitis</u>	<u>vinifera</u>
<u>Humulus</u>	<u>japonicus</u>	<u>Pterocarya</u>	<u>stenoptera</u>	<u>Xanthoxylum</u>	<u>simulans</u>
<u>Humulus</u>	<u>lupulus</u>	<u>Pyrus</u>	<u>spp.</u>		

(2) Any other articles which are infested or exposed to infestation by *Lycorma delicatula*.

(c) Means and Methods. The following means and methods may be used in the eradication, control or suppression of said pest within said area.

- (1) The repeated application of contact insecticide treatments, herbicide and systemic insecticide tree treatments, egg mass treatments, egg scraping, and insecticide treatments at state borders, of hosts and any other articles or things which are infested or exposed to infestation by *Lycorma delicatula*.
- (2) The removal and destruction of any and all possible carriers, including nursery stock or trees and shrubs, if permission is received from the property owner or if such action is the only practical way of eliminating the infestation of a host or possible carrier to prevent the spread or reinfestation of *Lycorma delicatula*.

(3) The searching for all stages of *Lycorma delicatula* by visual inspection, the use of traps, or any other means anywhere within the said area.

(4) The removal and destruction of abandoned or unwanted hosts or possible carriers bearing or capable of bearing *Lycorma delicatula* in any life stage.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 401.5, 407 and 5322, Food and Agricultural Code.
Reference: Sections 401.5, 407, 5761, 5762, and 5763, Food and Agricultural Code.