



# Field Day Guide

How to host a field day and effectively increase project outreach



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Find this guide online at www.cdfa.ca.gov/go/FREP Or on the FREP blog: www.blogs.cdfa.ca.gov/FREP



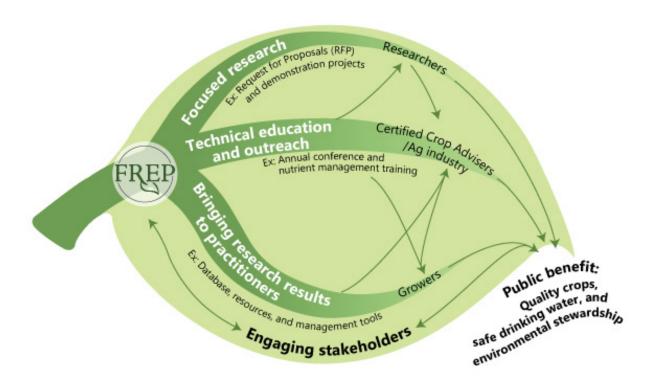
This Field Day Guide was inspired and shaped by the Sustainable Agriculture Research & Education's Farmer Field Day Toolkit. https://www.sare.org/Grants/Farmer-Field-Day-Toolkit

# **About FREP**

The Fertilizer Research and Education Program (FREP) was established in 1990 through legislative action to provide funding for basic and applied research, education and outreach for nutrient and water management practices in California, with the goal to advance the environmentally safe and agronomically sound use and handling of fertilizing materials. Funding is provided through a mill assessment (\$0.001 per dollar) on fertilizer sales. FREP serves growers, agricultural supply and service professionals, extension personnel, public agencies, consultants, and other interested parties.

### Successful Projects Make a Difference

FREP grants have supported a wide variety of research and education projects. These projects improve agricultural productivity while protecting the environment.



**Focused Research** – With over 225 projects funded for more than \$17 million, FREP has developed a baseline for improved fertilizer management practices.

**Technical Education and Outreach** – FREP provides growers and crop advisors with technical education, through funded projects and an annual conference.

Bringing Research Results to Practitioners – FREP's online searchable database, a growing number of crop fertilization guidelines, and many decision-making tools.

**Engaging with stakeholders** – FREP works with those impacted by nutrient management and water issues.

# Why Host a Field Day?

"I believe in the future of agriculture, with a faith born not of words but of deeds- achievements won by the past and present generations of agriculturalists; in the promise of better days through better ways, even as the better things we now enjoy have come to us from the struggles of former years."

-E. M. Tiffany

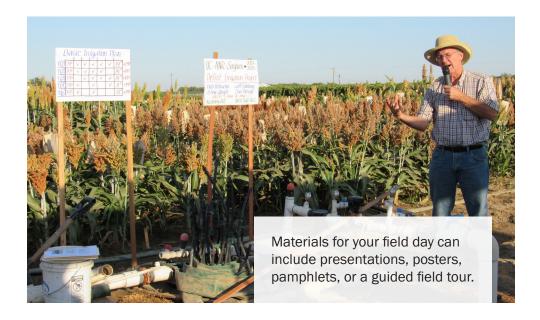
Deciphering information from a research report can be a daunting task for growers, students, and the public. Hosting a field day transforms words into a visual representation that can increase understanding and impact.

A field day is a great opportunity to display your valuable work and achievements and leave a lasting impact on the future of agriculture. It also provides an opportunity for feedback, peer-to-peer learning and increased support from members of the agriculture community.

#### What Does a Field Day Look Like?

A field day is intended to be an educational event that highlights the findings of your project. The event should include demonstrations of techniques used for retrieving data, specific management practices, and recommendations developed from results.

You should consider partnering with complementary organizations, coalitions and boards, and your respective funding source. These partnerships can provide publicity and support, and increase the overall impact of your event.



# Planning a Successful Field Day

#### **Brainstorm the Basics**



Decide why it is important that your research is shared with others. Be sure to showcase recommendations for management practices.



Decide the length and date that would best suit the information you are trying to communicate. Timing is key!



Identify the audience you intend to reach; growers, coalitions, advisors, environmental organizations, etc. Will your audience be large enough to make an impact but small enough so that everyone feels engaged?



Choose two or three main points to convey to the audience. Don't overload them with scientific jargon.



Can your presentation be done in the field, and where are the best sites for demonstrations?



Can pamphlets be made to summarize findings or highlight key points? Is a sound system needed or will speakers talk loud enough that everyone can hear? How about posters or other visual aids?

### Safety and Accessibility

- Provide restrooms, as well as shade and water, for participants.
- Consider the safety of your audience. Check your liability insurance restrictions prior to the event.
- Take biosecurity measures to prevent the spread of pests and diseases. This can include having a designated parking area and hand washing stations.
- Consider the accessibility of the venue and your field day. Provide accommodations for staff, speakers, and audience.
- If your intended audience speaks other languages, consider making materials multilingual and obtaining translation services.

#### Outreach

- To promote your field day, broadcast your event to a target audience using several resources. Possibilities include social media, press releases, public service announcements on ag radio, email contact, and reaching out to other agricultural groups.
- Decide how registration for the event will take place: email, mail-in form, or an online-based system.
- Take a record of emails during registration in order to provide additional information prior to the event and to request feedback through a follow-up survey.

**NOTE FOR FREP-FUNDED PROJECTS:** Please share your events and field days with FREP. Our team is available to help organize and disseminate the results of timely research projects, such as yours, to increase the impact of research and education projects. Send a courtesy email two weeks before to your outreach events to: frep@cdfa.ca.gov

# **Preparing Your Field Day**

#### Two or Three Months Before the Event



**Select a date.** Consider the weather and production stages; timing is key in agriculture. Make sure your target audience is not in the middle of harvest or planting.



Request speakers and posters.

Handpick speakers based on the desired topics and event goals. Solicit for poster presenters from a wide variety of stakeholders.



Reserve a venue. Determine what will be included: restrooms, tables, chairs, etc. Are there indoor areas available in case of hot or rainy weather?



Reserve tables and chairs. Order extra chairs, because last minute sign ups can add up quick. Also, order enough tables for registration and food.



Arrange for catering. Depending on event time and duration, provide food and refreshments, especially morning coffee. A small fee can be charged to cover costs.



Create registration page. The registration page should provide the who, what, when, where, how and why for your event.

#### One Month Before the Event



**Set Agenda.** Create a tentative schedule and begin filling it in with speakers and breaks. Be sure to give your speakers enough time for questions and transitions.



Apply for CEUs. PCA, CCA, and Grower credits are valuable incentives to offer attendees. Applications require an agenda and speaker summaries.



Advertise. Announce your event through flyers, social media, email, and mail. Be sure to include CEUs and any unique aspects that will generate interest.



**Create handouts.** Supplementary materials can contribute to the overall understanding and adoption of practices and technology.

### **Event Day**



**Set Up.** Be sure to allow ample time for set up of tables, signs, chairs and other essential items for the day.



**Clean Up.** Ensure that any dangerous equipment, chemicals, or other hazards are cleared from the area.



**Take photos.** Be sure to document your hard work by taking videos and photos during the event.

### **Event Checklist**

- Select a dateRequest speakers and posters
- ☐ Reserve a venue
- Reserve tables and chairs
- Arrange for catering
- Create registration page

- ☐ Set agenda
- ☐ Apply for CEUs☐ Advertise
- ☐ Create handouts
- ☐ Set Up
- ☐ Clean up
- ☐ Take photos

# **Alternative Outreach Options**

What if a field day is not a viable option, or another type of outreach is better suited to communicate your message? Consider the following methods to distribute or collect information.

### Workshops

When a field day is not possible, indoor training workshops on specific management practices can be useful.

Workshops are also helpful for training growers on how to use a web-based tool or app. These types of outreach instruments are becoming more popular in the agricultural industry.

#### **Videos**

Another option for visual outreach is to create a tutorial video demonstrating your findings and recommended management techniques.

Add links to videos on associated websites and social media platforms.

## **Blog Posts**

Blog posts are a quick way to announce events, share research information, and convey results.

Posts should be kept short and simple in order to capture a broad audience.

Often a simple overview will provide ample information.

#### **Presentations**

An overview of research findings can be presented at related conferences and meetings.

Associated commodity group meetings are a good place to start for crop-specific research projects.

### Surveys

Surveys can be conducted during the start of a project to get a feel for current grower knowledge on the subject or standard management practices.

Surveys can also be conducted during and after field days or workshops to measure the impact of your recommendations and management practices.

To gauge long-term impacts, consider a follow-up survey six months or more after a field day.

Using an online survey generator can increase accessibility and decrease time spent on analyzing feedback.

#### **Controlled Focus Groups**

Seeking advice from a target audience can help increase the future impact and relevance of your project.

Controlled focus groups are also a worthy outlet to test a web-based tool or app.





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