Pest Control Adisor (PCA) Listening Sessions

B. Grafton-Cardwell, M. Rivera, P. Adams, J. Zaninovitch and Sara Garcia Figuera

Feb 25, Exeter: 10 PCAs, 3 GLs, 1 Farm Advisor Feb 26, Fallbrook: 8 PCAs, 4 GLs, 1 Farm Advisor

Feb 27, Ventura: 14 PCAs, 2 GLs

Introductions

Status of ACP/HLB (Beth)

Discussion

- Pest status in each region
- What methods/tactics are currently being employed for ACP?
- What's working, what's not?
- Potential solutions
- Where might we need more research?
- What sorts of extension products are needed?

Statewide Summary of February 2020 PCA listening sessions

IPM research needs summarized by IPM categories

- **Monitoring**: better ACP trap, standardized sampling methods, threshold treatments versus calendar treatments, canine alert follow up
- **Biological control:** efficacy of natural enemies, determination of efficacy of biocontrol relative to a chemical control program, control of ants, ground covers that provide insectaries, fungal pathogens
- **Chemical control**: efficacy of electrostatic, aerial, aerofan, water volumes, seasonality, rates of oils and other pesticides, pesticide resistance monitoring, organic insecticide combinations, uptake of systemics, secondary pest outbreaks,
- **Cultural control:** netting, protectants (kaolin, DE, etc.), barriers, windbreaks, flush control (PGRs, nitrogen), pruning to eliminate *C*las, trap crops, fertility and phosphites
- **Post harvest**: fumigants to replace spray and move treatments

Regulatory needs

A bee safe pesticide treatment for bloom

Replace spray and move with ethyl formate, grate or other system

Shift from calendar sprays to ACP density threshold triggers

Funding needs

Funding source to provide scouts statewide to do standardized sampling for ACP/HLB

PCA Extension Needs

- Provide a standardized ACP sampling method for PCAs to compare results of different sites.
- Distribute 3D traps for collecting and testing psyllids for CLas
- Provide sources of information for submitting plant and ACP samples for CLas testing
- Provide pictures of trees with HLB symptoms and psyllids photos: both hard copy and web app (preloaded so it doesn't depend on the internet)
- Give PCAs access to real-time scouting data on the web
- Alert PCAs to DATOC website and reports
- Develop demonstration orchard plots for PCAs to observe natural enemy control of ACP and ant management
- Provide field trips from SJV to S. California to observe psyllids
- Develop webinars for training
- Provide details of how ethyl formate treatments will be done and who is responsible
- Statewide training on regional seasonality, concentration and water volume of oil sprays
- Biannual PCA Listening sessions

SOUTHERN DISTRICT HLB TREATMENT UPDATE

MARCH 26, 2020

HLB Treatment

HLB AREA	TREATMENT DATES	TOTAL PROPERTIES	PROPERTIES TREATED	REFUSALS	PERCENT COMPLETE	COMMENTS
Duarte 1	3/02 – 3/18/20	335	206	12	100%	
Montclair 1	11/18/19- 2/29/20	429	292	5	100%	Pending- Montclair 2-5
Ontario 1	1/14-2/29/20	469	250	5	100%	Non-mandatory

HLB Treatment

HLB AREA	TREATMENT DATES	TOTAL PROPERTIES	PROPERTIES TREATED	REFUSALS	PERCENT COMPLETE	COMMENTS
Colton 1- 3	2/26-3/5/20	220	125	3	86%	
Santa Ana 32 -35	3/04 - 3/18/20	1,267	469	17	37%	Pending – Santa Ana 37, 41
Whittier 26	1/29 -3/23/20	63	33	1	92%	Pending- Whittier 29-30

Area Wide Treatment

AREA	TREATMENT DATES	TOTAL PROPERTIES	PROPERTIES TREATED	REFUSALS	PERCENT COMPLETE	COMMENTS
Ventura	12/10/19- 3/10/20	9,970	4,502	1,247	100%	

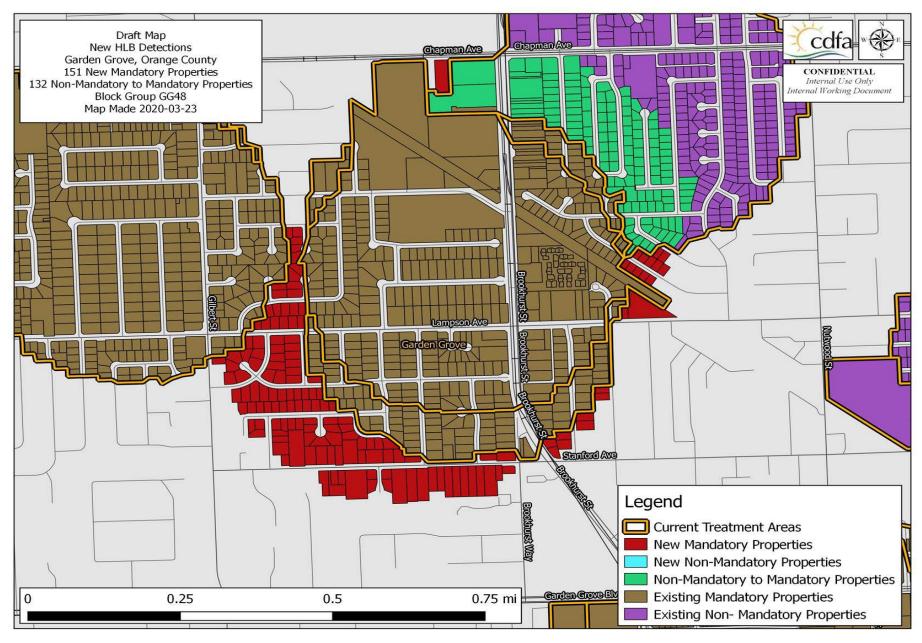
The next cycle of Area Wide treatments will start in July/August.

Pending HLB Treatment Areas

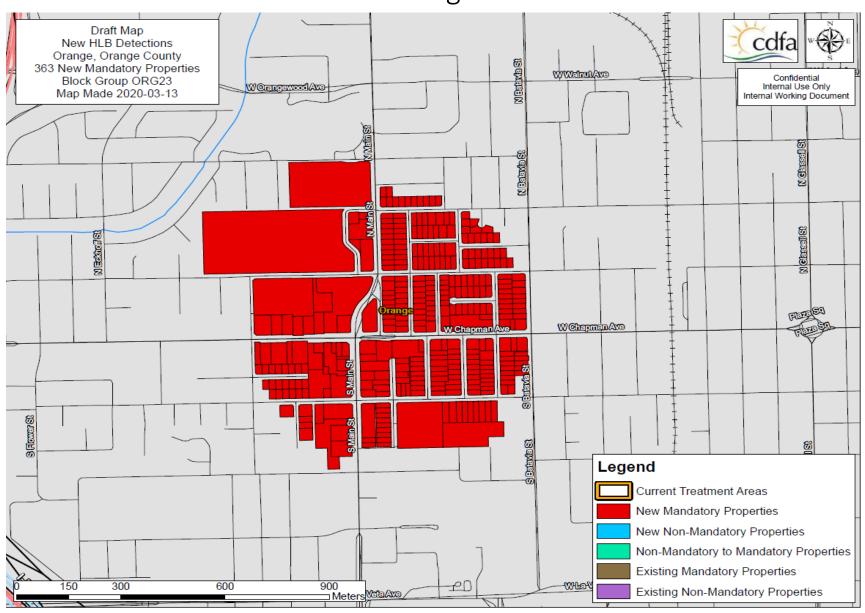
All in-person public meetings were canceled due to COVID-19. Online webinars have been scheduled to accommodate the pending meetings.

Orange - April 2	Los Angeles- April 7	Riverside- Pending	San Bernardino- Pending
Huntington Beach 6	La Mirada 1, 2	Corona 5	San Bernardino 1
Anaheim 75, 76	Pico Rivera 33		Montclair 2-5
City of Orange 23, 24	Whittier 29, 30		
	Lakewood		

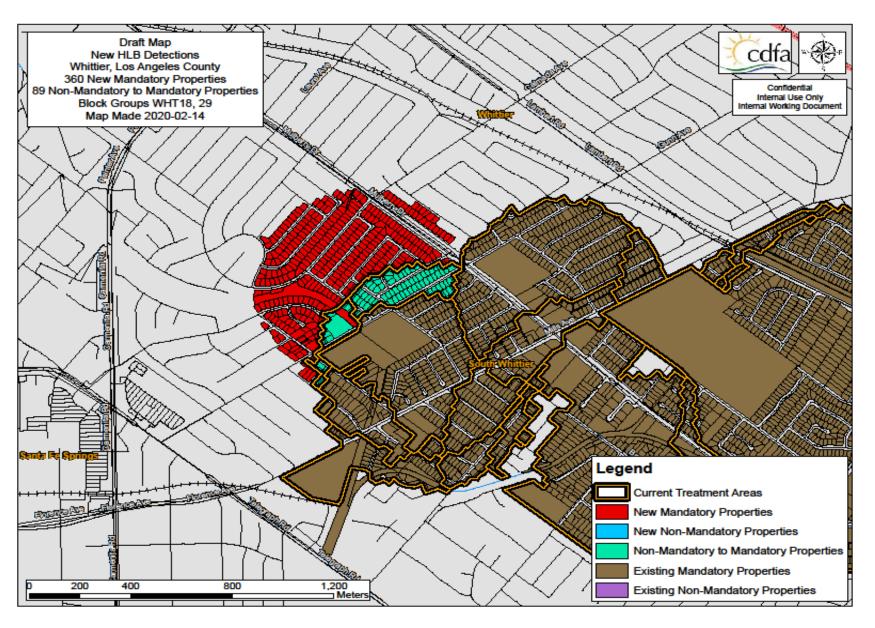
Garden Grove 48



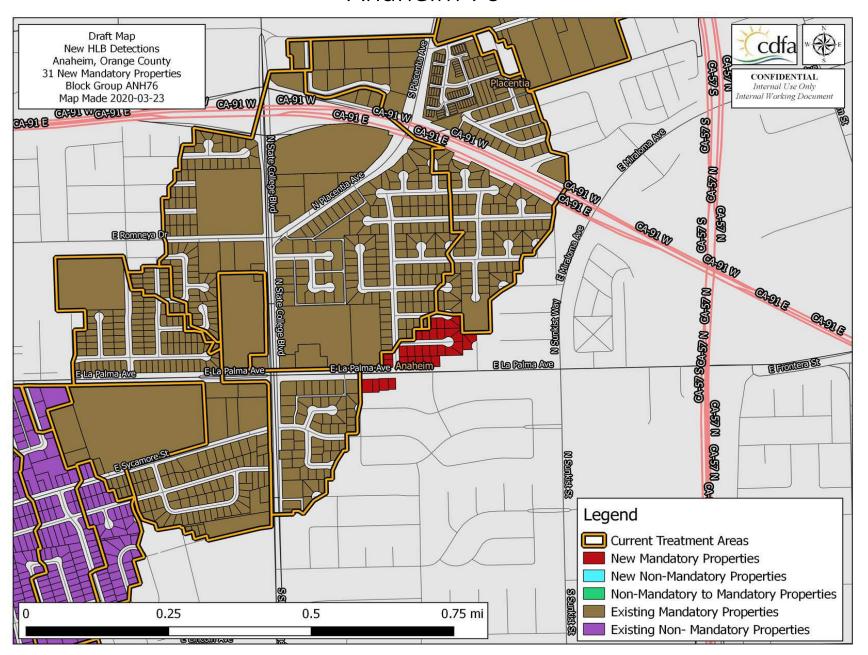
Orange 23



Whittier 29-30



Anaheim 76



County Bulk Citrus Regulatory Activity July 2019 - January 2020

County	Grower Inspections	Transporter Inspections	Packer / Processor Inspections	Fruit Seller Inspections	NOVs Issued	NOPAs Issued
Fresno (*1)	0	0	3	0	0	0
Imperial	38	27	9	0	2	0
Kern (*5)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings (*1)	0	1	26	0	0	0
Los Angeles	0	0	123	0	0	0
Monterey (*1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange (*3)	8	2	2	0	0	0
Riverside	290	2,853	105	0	29	0
San Bernardino (*1)	1	1	2	0	0	0
San Diego (*1)	74	88	96	97	6	0
San Luis Obispo	23	2	0	0	0	0
Santa Barbara	4	0	1	0	0	0
Tulare	0	1,438	39	2	288	32
Ventura (*2)	2	85	4	0	5	1
Totals	440	4,497	410	99	330	33

^{(*#) =} number of invoices missing from reporting period



Central District Operations Update April 8, 2020



Central District Operations Update as of 3/26

- Surveys
 - Citrus Commodity
 - High Risk
- Trapping
 - Detection Trapping
 - County Trapping
 - CASS Grove Trapping
- Treatment
 - Area Wide
 - Monterey



- Surveys
 - 2020 Citrus Commodity
 - Early March-
 - On-boarding PPA's from PDEP to Citrus/Began training staff (used 2019 maps)

County	Acres Surveyed	Samples Submitted	Completed STR	Remaining STR
Fresno	1362*	21*	14*	103
Kern	10653*/1914	23*/1	62*/2	10
Kings	10*	O	3*	O
Madera	O	O	0	19
Tulare	2598	O	8	149

*Work completed by PDEP in 2019



- Surveys
 - High Risk Survey
 - Training with Magally
 - High Risk folders to So-Cal first (priority), Central Valley next
 - Received folder info 3/25
 - Assembling, organizing, prepping for survey
 - Survey to start beginning of April
 - Covid-19 strategies implemented



• High Risk Survey Cycle 1-2020

County	STR Maps	Possible Sites to Survey
Fresno	121	5255
Kern	84	2880
Kings	8	90
Madera	23	270
Merced	2	35
Monterey	1	25
San Benito	1	5
Santa Barbara	8	150
Tulare	120	4070
Ventura	48	2175



- Trapping
 - Traps serviced by CDFA staff

County	Month	Deployed	Serviced
Fresno	March	783	553
Madera	March	518	358



- County Trapping
 - As of Feb 2020

_							
County	Co Ag office- detection	Co Ag office- delim	CDFA- detection	CDFA- delim	Grove	GWSS in citrus	Total ACP traps
Butte	155	0	0	0	0	0	155
Contra Costa	952	0	0	0	0	0	952
Colusa	50	0	0	0	0	0	50
El Dorado	49	0	0	0	0	0	49
Glenn	50	0	0	0	0	0	50
Fresno	3039	76	774	0	1038	437	5364
Kern	4119	0	0	0	1309	1047	6475
Kings	275	0	0	0	15	1	291
Lake	47	0	0	0	0	0	47
Madera	0	0	519	0	176	22	717
Marin	0	0	315	0	0	0	315
Merced	619	0	0	0	0	0	619
Monterey	339	96	0	0	53	0	488
Napa	118	0	0	0	0	0	118
Placer	382	0	0	0	65	0	447
Sacramento	1300	179	0	0	0	0	1479
San Benito	410	0	0	0	0	0	410
San Francisco	0	0	178	0	0	0	178
San Joaquin	658	0	0	0	0	0	658
San Mateo	650	0	0	0	0	0	650
Santa Clara	0	0	1303	0	0	0	1303
SLO	1592	271	59	0	119	0	2041
Solano	287	0	0	0	0	0	287
Sonoma	387	0	0	0	0	0	387
Stanislaus	594	0	0	0	0	0	594
Tehama	124	0	0	0	0	0	124
Tulare	2097	113	0	0	2435	3181	7826
Yolo	157	0	0	0	0	0	157
Yuba	51	0	0	0	0	0	51
						Total	32282



• Grove Trapping

Grove Trapping							
		Feb-20					
County	Туре	Traps Serviced	Traps with ACP PDRs	ACP Trapped			
Fresno	CPDPC Grove	1929	0	О			
Imperial	CPDPC AW	54	1	2			
Kern	CPDPC Grove	2381	0	О			
Kings	CPDPC Grove	29	0	О			
Madera	CPDPC Grove	347	0	О			
Monterey	CPDPC Grove	106	0	0			
Orange							
Placer	CPDPC Grove	127	0	О			
Riverside	CPDPC AW	118	11	96			
San Benito							
San Bernardino	CPDPC AW	72	24	110			
San Diego	CPDPC AW	40	23	206			
San Luis Obispo	CPDPC Grove	228	0	0			
Santa Barbara	CPDPC AW	34	1	2			
Tulare	CPDPC Grove	4256	0	О			
Ventura	CPDPC AW	171	48	421			
		9892	108	837			

- Treatment
 - Area Wide treatment- Ventura

•	Month/ Year	Total Properties	Properties Treated	Refusals	Prop. With No Host	No Contact
	Jan 2020	4887	2183	554	2001	58
	Feb 2020	3572	1807	494	1158	51
	March 2020	349	O	10	323	16
	2020 Totals	8808	3990	1058	3482	125

- PMA's 4, 5, 6, 7 and 12 are reported to be at 90% participation

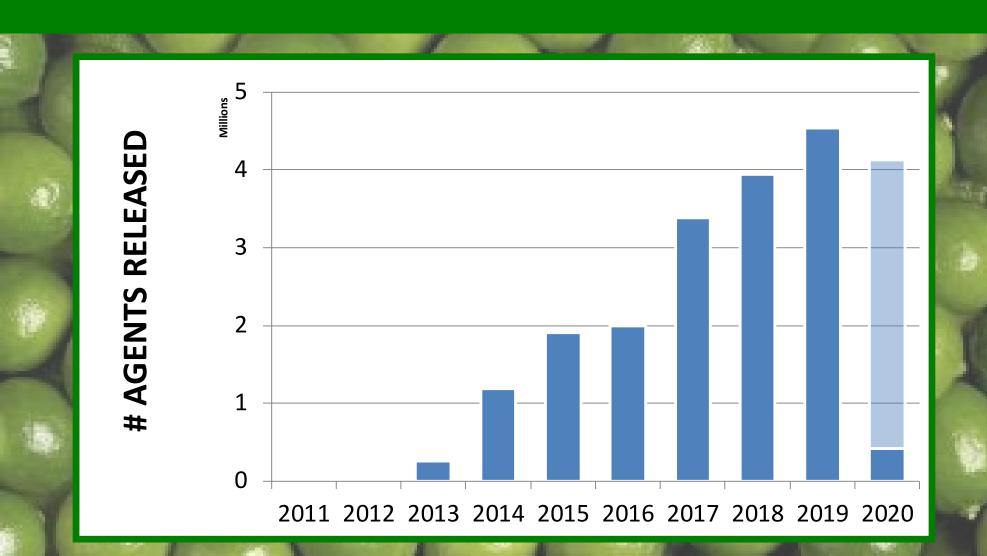


- Monterey
 - No active treatments
 - Treatment (Tempo & Merit) was conducted Dec 2018 to March 2019
 - Tempo only treatment was conducted Sept & Oct 2019
 - No new trap finds since October 2019

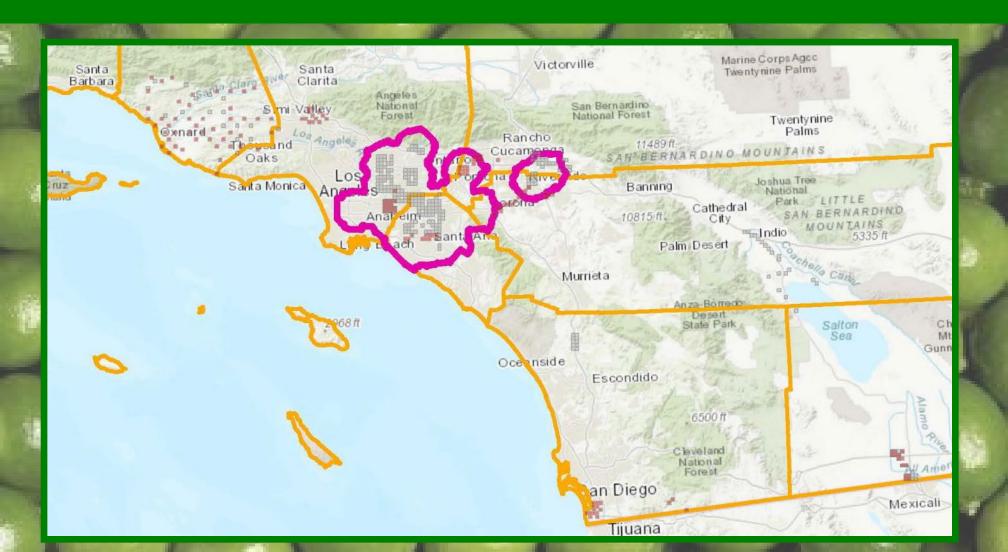
Asian Citrus Psyllid Biocontrol Update



Released ACP Biocontrol Agents



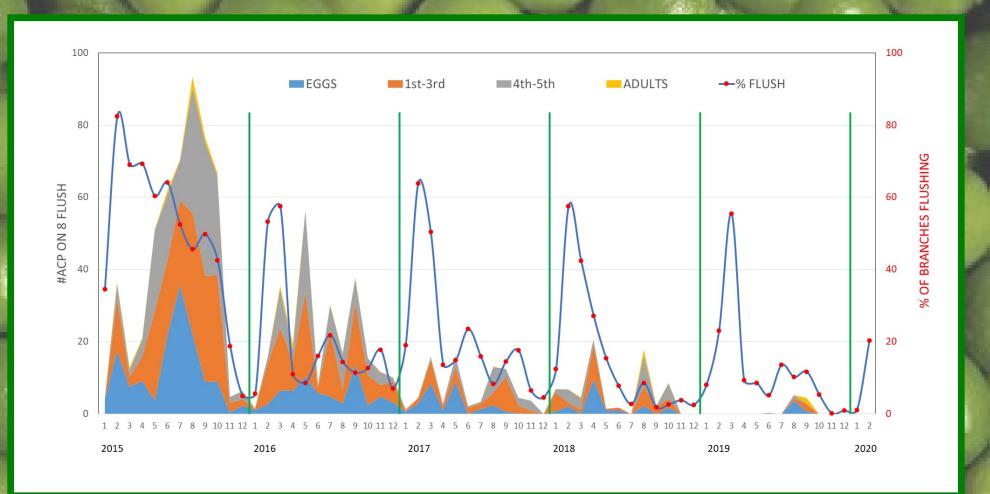
Biological Control Agent Release Areas



Biological Control Agent Releases December 2011 – February 2020

	Release	s. 2020	Releases 2	2011-2019
County	T. radiata	D. aligarhensis	Tamarixia	D. aligarhensis
	Released	Released	Released	Released
Imperial	21,700	0	386,054	10,295
Los Angeles	106,800	0	4,847,043	107,734
Orange	66,000	0	3,184,934	71,179
Riverside	46,156	0	2,810,447	127,739
San Bernardino	34,400	0	1,255,538	57,252
San Diego	22,400	0	2,221,772	86,403
Ventura	52,000	0	1,329,021	16,830
Santa Barbara	0	0	150,082	12,012
Kern	0	0	126,309	0
Santa Clara	0	0	33,637	0
Placer	0	0	3,400	0
San Luis Obispo	0	0	105,500	0
Tulare	0	0	36,000	0
Monterey	0	0	14,400	0
Arizona	6,000	0	90,800	0
Mexico	63,000	0	117,000	0
TOTAL	418,456	0	16,711,937	489,444
	TOTAL (2019):	418,456	TOTAL (2011-2019):	17,201,381

Monitoring Results January 2015 – November 2020



Statewide GL Coordinator Update 4/8/20

GL Web Meeting 3/25/20

25+

At the meeting we discussed the 25+ citrus tree properties, how do we communicate with them. A recent survey by NST showed at the last CPDPC Meeting that the 25+ properties accounted for 1/3 of the trees in these residential areas, but 3% of the growers. The GLs discussed how difficult and how much of their time is required to find and communicate with them. CDFA crews find a significant number of the total, when they are doing the HLB or ACP surveys. NST's survey and questionnaire showed that their opinions were changed little by the messaging used. We are working on how to better identify these growers and how to motivate them to treat.

It raises the question of whether this is an 80/20 problem, where 80% of your time is spent to achieve <20% of your goal. I think we should discuss what we do with them in each situation. PCDs can include them as commercial growers and assess them. This might make them decide whether to treat or cut down some trees to be 24 or less. But this raises the question of what we do with these if they are outside the 400-meter buffers near commercial groves or outside the 400-meter treatment areas around HLB or ACP responses. If they are in the middle of LA or other residential areas, away from commercial groves, do we care anymore than any other residential citrus property? We need parameters for where we should do more than just inform them of the problem and the timing of the commercial treatments near them.

Mapping/GIS

The GLs reviewed the maps and owner/operator information that we have and what we want/need. Victoria reported that a working group is reviewing these assets to see gaps and any possible duplications. The GLs in the area-wide treatment portion of the State report that they get good cooperation from the CACs on permits and grower locations.

AB5

Victoria discussed the GL positions and the review by the legal staff to see if we, as contractors meet the exemptions of the law or if a change will be required in the contract or if the positions need to be State employees. The GLs agreed to review the law and provide information to help Victoria and Legal to find a solution. Until then, the SD GL will remain unfilled.

Winter Treatment Statistics

Fortunately, things have stayed quiet in the San Joaquin Valley and San Luis Obispo.

The Area-wide Treatment Counties are mostly still tallying their percentages and I will have a full report at Meeting time.

Neglected/Abandoned Groves

I will have update figures for the Meeting.

		Со			Total													
	BOS	Coun		#Groves	Acs (100									Total				Total
	Sup	Sup	#Groves	Confmd	trees/ac)	#owners	#1st	#2nd	#3rd		Hears	#Hears	Groves	Acres	#Groves	Acres	#Groves	Acres
County	(Y/N)	(Y/N)	Report'd	N/A	Confrmd	contactd	Letrs	Letrs	Letrs	#Heard	won	lost	Remvd	Remvd	Rem'd	Rem'd	Pndg	Pndg
Fresno																		
Kern	Υ	Υ																
Madera																		
SLO	Υ	Y																
Tulare	Υ	Y	88	88	1148	88	44			1	1	0	66	908	9	79	13	16
Subtotal			88	88	1148	88	44			1	1	0	66	908	9	79	13	16
Imperial	Υ	Υ	1	1	6	1							1	6				
LA																		
ОС																		
Riverside	Y	Υ	92		264.81	43	43	43	11				22				35	
San Brdo																		
SD	Υ	Υ	108	61	1693	61	39	28	24				37	774		71	919	
Sta Barb																		
Ventura	Υ	Υ																
Subotal			108	62	1963.81	105	82	71	35	0	0	0	60	780	0	71	954	
Total			289	150	3111.81	193	126	71	35	1	1	0	126	1688	9	150	967	16:



"Evidence-based criteria for reducing the delimitation radius around Clas-positive trees in Southern California"

CPDPC Operations Subcommittee
April 8, 2020

Brianna McGuire, Holly Deniston-Sheets, Neil McRoberts

Background

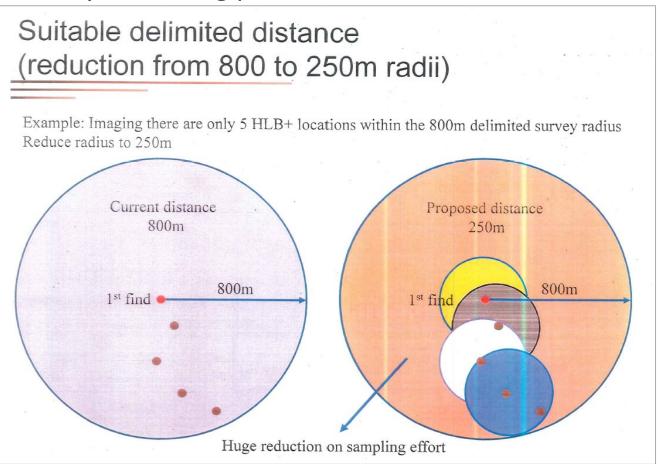
 Before summer 2018, 800 m delimitation zone around HLB+ trees

Activities in delim zone:

- Tissue samples collected from all hosts (quadrant sampling for find sites & adjacents)
- All ACP collected
- All hosts treated with a foliar and a systemic insecticide (generally Tempo and Merit)
 - Subsequent annual applications (if psyllids are present)

Background

 Summer 2018, change to 400 m based on distribution and probability of finding positive trees

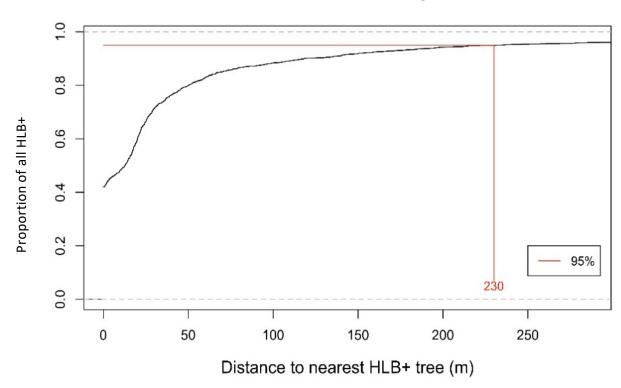


Source: presentation by Dr. Tim Gottwald to the Science Subcommittee July 10, 2018

Current Situation

- 95% of all HLB+ trees are within 230 m of another HLB+ tree (~760 ft)
- Distribution of HLB+ trees near other HLB+ trees seems relatively stable

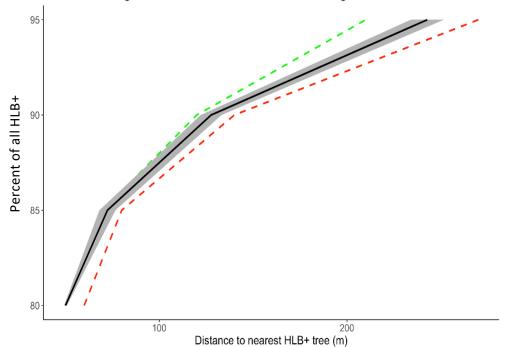
Distribution of all HLB+ trees through 3/13/2020



Validation

- Randomized the detection order 500 times.
- Reanalyzed the first 95% of the data for each new sequence
- The distance needed to find 95% of all positive trees stayed between 210 and 270m in all randomizations

In 500 randomly ordered runs, once 95% of the finds (1763 trees) are analyzed the average distance to find 95% of nearest neighbors is 243 m +/- 9 m



- Green= min (210m)
- Red = max (270m)
- Black = average (243m)
- Grey = error

Recommendation

- Reduce survey radius to 300 m
- Consider maintaining 400 m insecticide treatment radius
- Redirect labour resources to other priorities

Radius (m)	Area (km²)	Reduction in area/workload	Detected Infection
400	0.50	-	97.5%
350	0.39	23%	96.9%
300	0.28	44%	96.0%
270	0.23	54%	95.6%
250	0.18	61%	95%

Additional Data/Considerations

Trees & Labor

- ~1,048 trees found since 250 m info presented July 10, 2018
- Almost 95% of those were ≤ 250m from another HLB+ tree, meaning we only found about 56 trees in the last ~1.5 years further than 250m.
 - ~40% of survey labor (in terms of area covered) found 95% of all the trees,
 - The majority of the survey labor only found 5%.

Additional Data/Considerations

ACP Distribution

- 90% of all Clas+ ACP samples have been found within 400 m of an HLB+ tree, but only 4 were between 300 and 400 m.
 - Of these, only 2 could have been from delimitation surveys based on confirmation/detection dates

Data Department Update

Rick Dunn

CRB Director of Data and Information Management 4/8/2020

Data Management Department Activity,

April 8, 2020 Richard Dunn - Data, Information & Management Director

UCKAC GIS Facility

Robert Johnson continues to assist with Statewide Citrus Layer maintenance and keeping the UCANR interactive web map updated with ACP, Biocontrol, CLas+ACP, and HLB detection data. http://ucanr.edu/acpmap

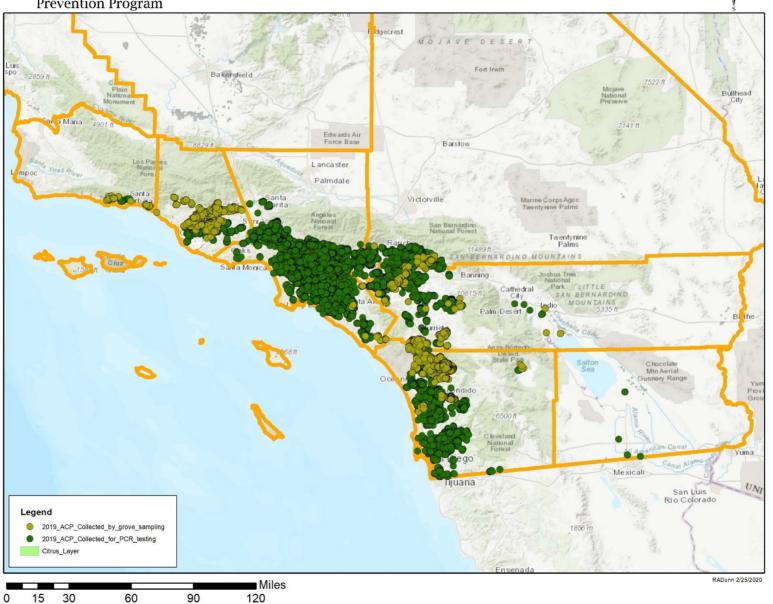
CRB Data Department

- Director is supporting Psyllid Management Area group activities and regional ACP / HLB Task Force groups in various counties with mapping support services.
 Revising the Statewide Commercial Citrus Layer as information is received. San Diego and Imperial counties completed. Riverside county is in progress. Researching modern handheld hardware and software to replace the NOMAD data collection system. Revised presentation on ACP sample collection effort and Clas+ACP detection to include all data from 2019.
- GIS Analyst Nancy Ying is conducting routine data scrubbing, quality control, and map production tasks.
- DATOC Coordinator Holly Deniston-Sheets is updating content on both the public and restricted DATOC websites as well as facilitating the expert panel as they
 address requests for analysis.
- Staff continue to support the CPDPP commercial grove trapping / sampling program. Supplying trappers with individualized GIS Trapsite and Samplesite layers updated weekly for use on their NOMADs. We produce and distribute ACP / HLB detection overview maps, PDR 800M maps, Biocontro I Workgroup activity maps, CPDPP Trapping progress maps, CPDPP Sampling progress maps, Trapping catch per day maps, Sampling close-up maps, and ArcGIS Online detection / collection heat maps, as well as monthly summary data, ACP situation data, and statistical reports.



2019 Suspect ACP Collections Southern California 1/1 - 12/31/2019





120

90



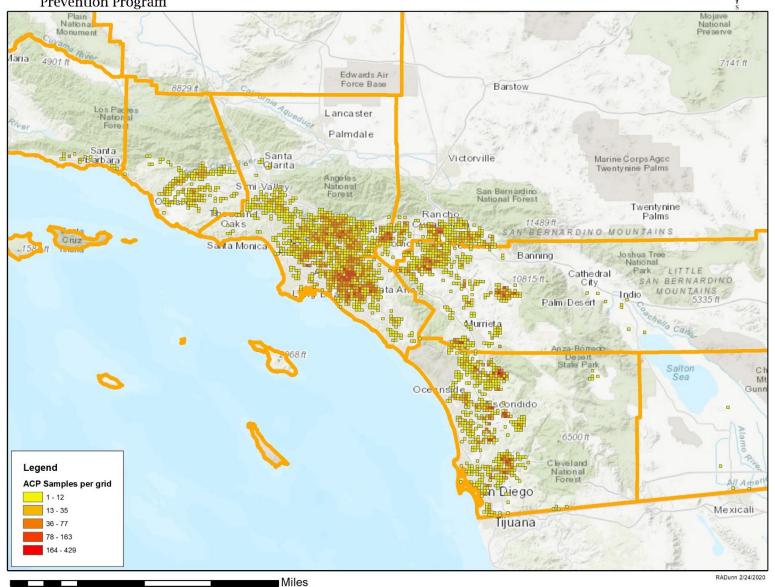
50

75

100

ACP Samples Collected for PCR testing in 2019 36,493 total





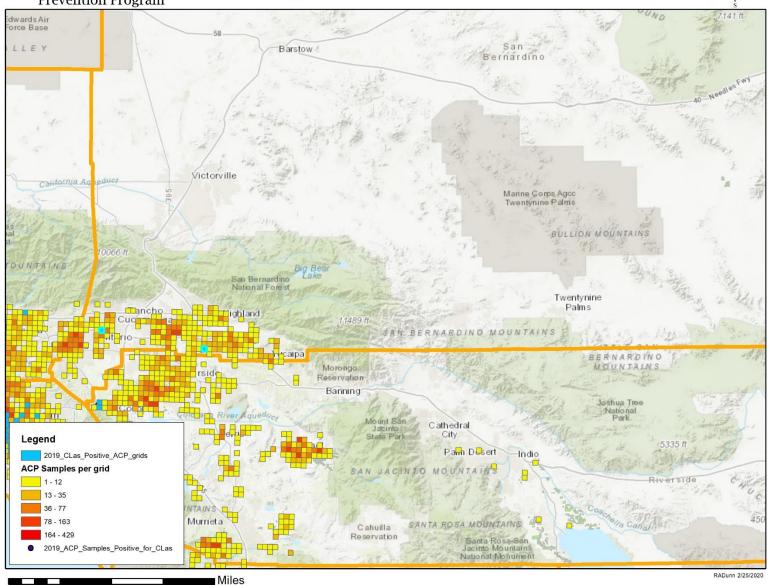
Note that this presentation does not depict the 19 suspect ACP samples collected in Santa Clara County and 57 collected in Monterey County in 2019. Those all tested negative for the CLas bacteria.

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Suspect ACP Samples Collected for PCR testing in 2019 3362 in San Bernardino County, 2 positive for CLas

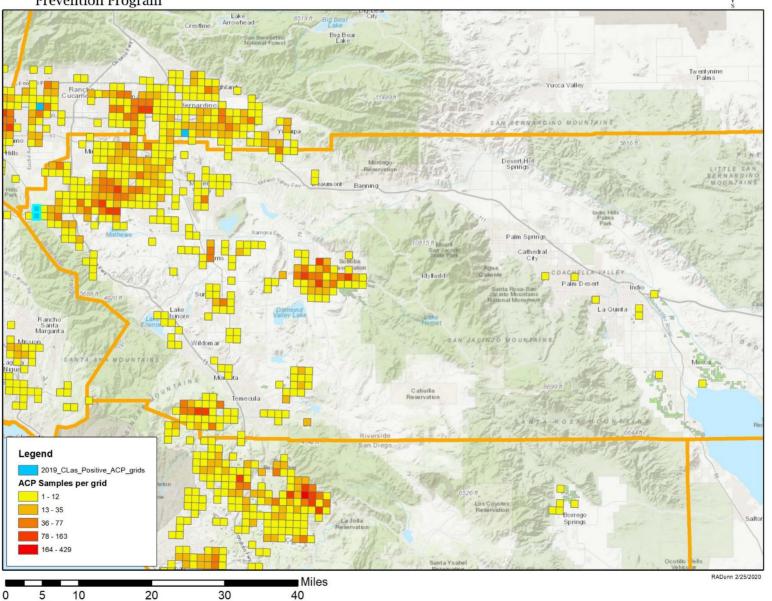




Blue grids contained CLas+ACP. Highlighted grids fall within the county indicated.

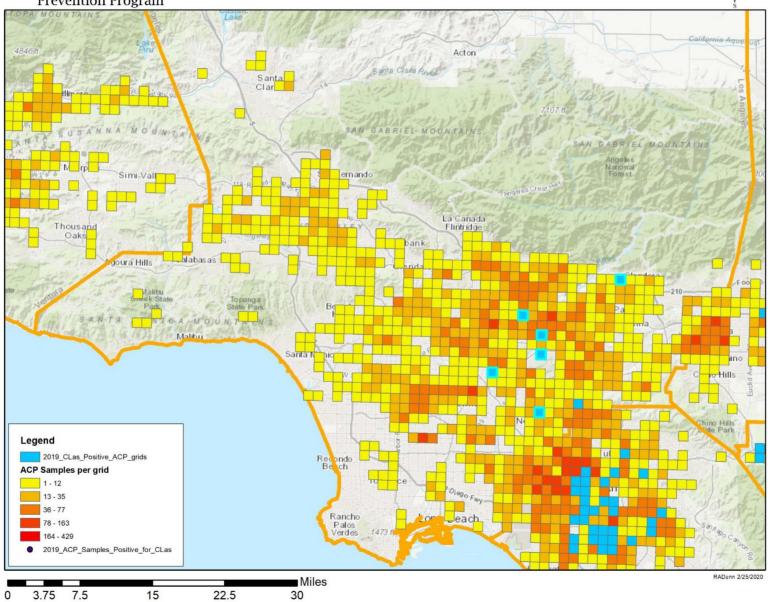
Suspect ACP Samples Collected for PCR testing in 2019 5,296 in Riverside County, 9 positive for CLas





Suspect ACP Samples Collected for PCR testing in 2019 11,011 in Los Angeles County, 8 positive for CLas

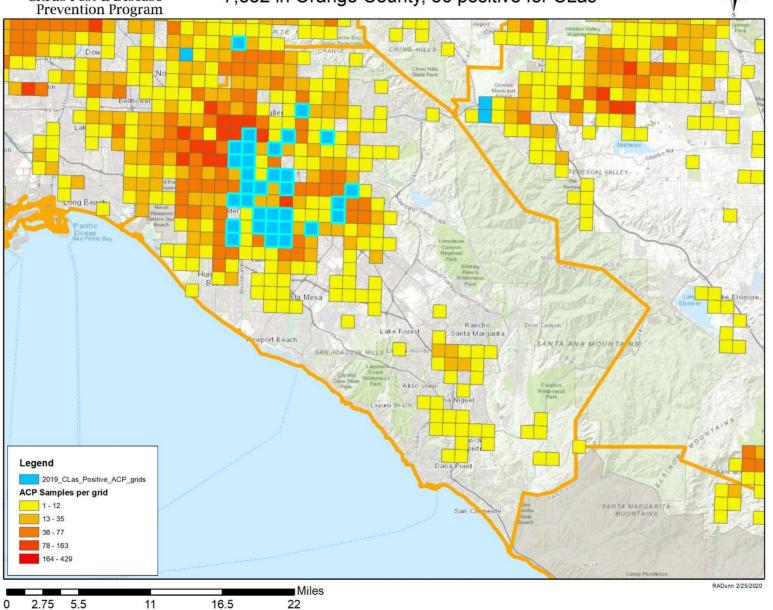






Suspect ACP Samples Collected for PCR testing in 2019 7,852 in Orange County, 56 positive for CLas



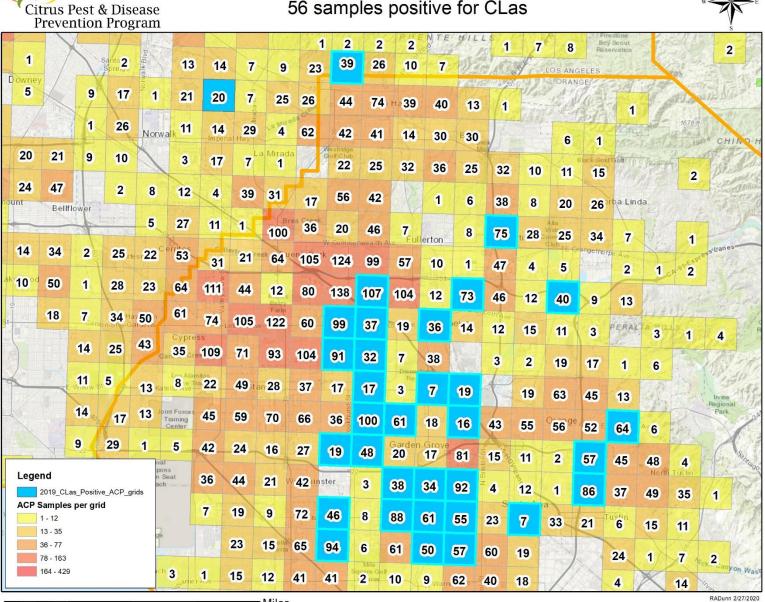


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Suspect ACP Samples Collected for PCR testing in 2019 Orange County 56 samples positive for CLas





Miles

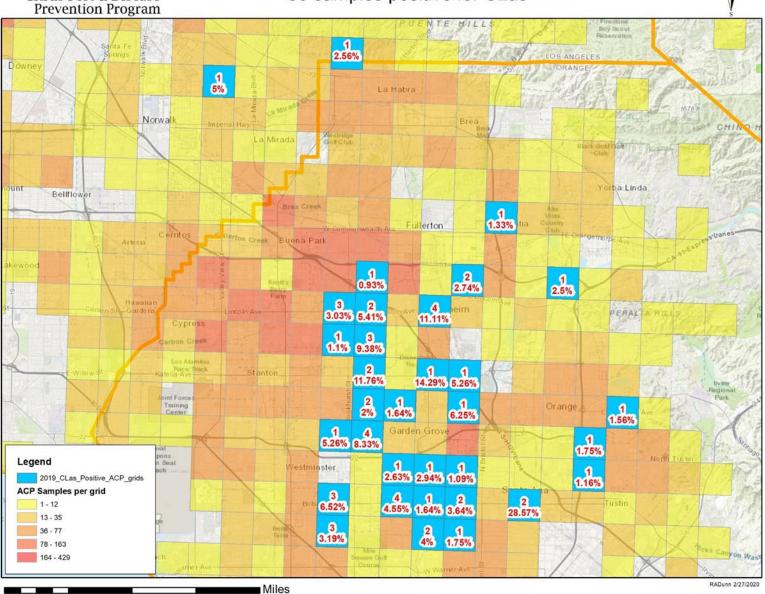
This slide labels the number of suspect ACP samples collected in each grid.

Suspect ACP Samples Collected for PCR testing in 2019 Orange County 56 samples positive for CLas

Citrus Pest & Disease

6





This slide labels the number and percentage of suspect ACP samples testing positive for CLas in each grid.

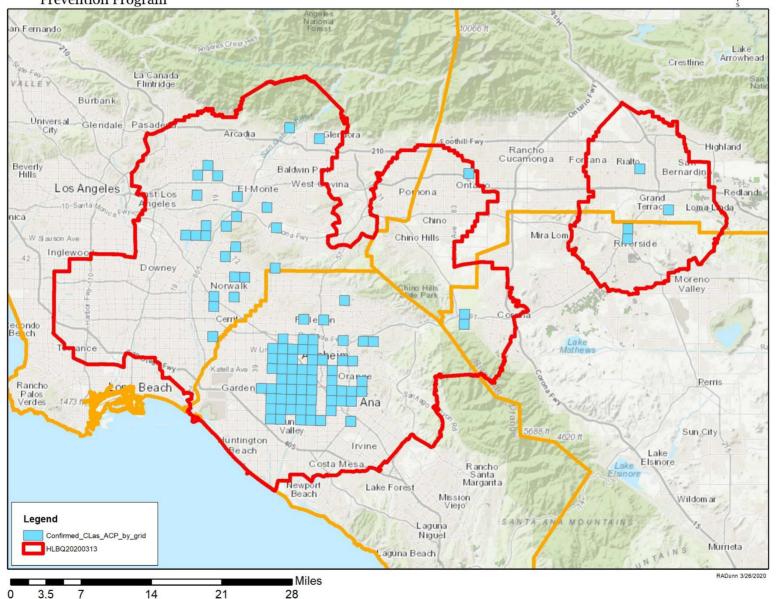


14

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Suspect ACP Testing Positive for CLas Collected 12/20/2011 - 3/3/2020





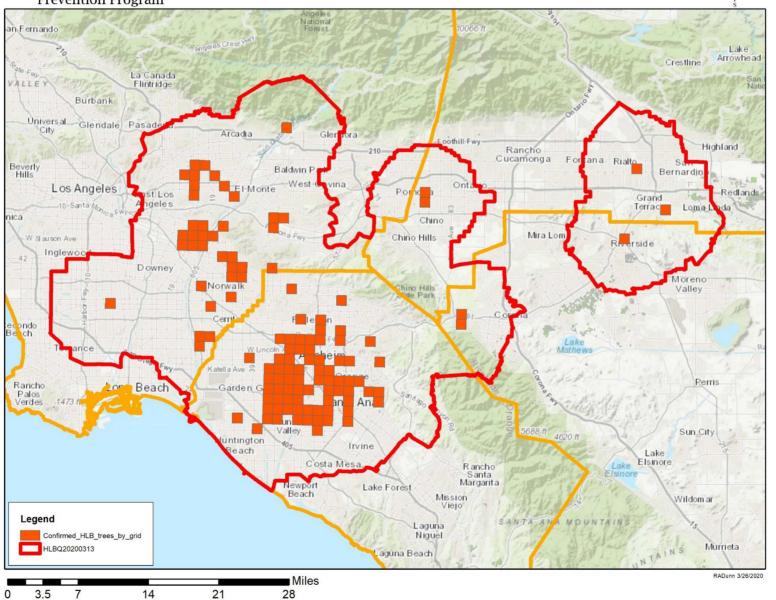


14

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Trees Testing Positive for CLas Collected 3/23/2012 - 3/9/2020





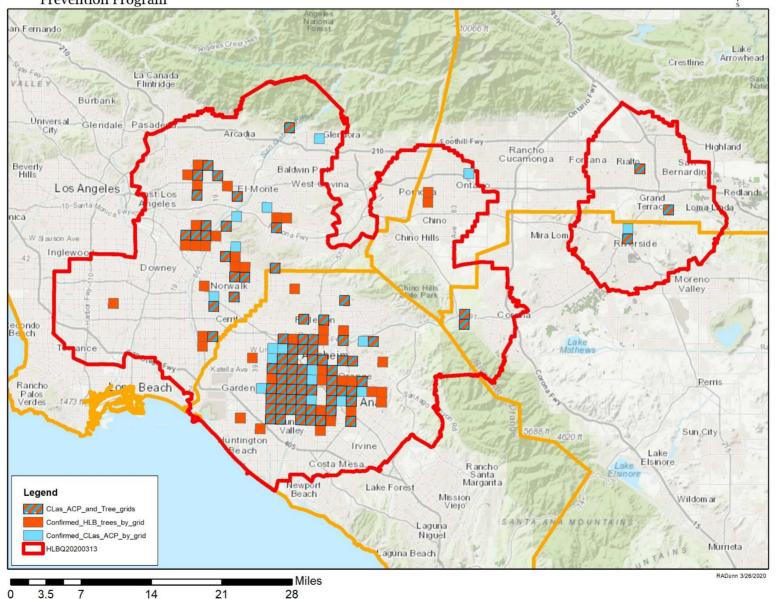


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Trees and ACP Testing Positive for CLas Collected as of 3/23/2020





March 26, 2020, Rick Dunn, CRB Data, Information, and Management Director

Preliminary Executive Summary: Proposed replacement of NOMAD data collection system

Background— The California Citrus Industry's Grove Trapping and Sampling program has relied on the use of Trimble NOMAD handheld data loggers since inception in 2009. Inevitable technological changes, hardware and software attrition has made it imperative that we convert to a more modern system for this purpose.

Over the last several months I have researched and tested alternatives that employ mobile telephones and Bluetooth enabled high-accuracy GNSS GPS receivers.

I believe the optimal replacement system will consist of Android or iPhone cellphones paired with Juniper Systems GEODE GNSS receivers running the ESRI apps "Explorer for ArcGIS" and "Survey123 for ArcGIS". In order to use this system for the CPDPP Grove Trapping/Sampling program we must modify data handling workflows by implementing an Enterprise GIS and Portal housed behind the firewall of CRB's servers in Visalia. This can be implemented over the next few years and the new hardware phased in as we get maximum use out of the remaining NOMADs and transition to the new workflow.

The advantages of this system include lower hardware replacement costs, improved interface for the field crews and more reliable dataflow. In addition, the Enterprise portal will also replace our current ArcGIS Online subscription without losing any map viewing functionality for non-trapper users like the Grower Liaisons.

Our ArcGIS Online subscription has been allowed to lapse as I propose to use that money to partially defray startup costs of the new system.

Prior to the 2020 – 21 budget I will demonstrate the new system and finalize this executive summary, including estimated costs for committee and board approval.