December 31, 2019

Field Biosecurity Guidelines for State/County/City Personnel Entering Shell Egg Packing Facilities, Poultry Harvest Facilities, and Poultry Farms

To: All California State/County/City Personnel

Enhanced biosecurity is critical in the face of the ongoing virulent Newcastle Disease (vND) incident.

Virulent Newcastle Disease eradication efforts are on-going in Southern California and the Regional Quarantine in Southern California is still in effect. Virulent Newcastle Disease is a fast-spreading virus that affects the respiratory, nervous and digestive system of numerous bird species, but most severely in poultry. Since May 2018, over 1.2 million birds have died or been euthanized because of this devastating virus. Over the past month, cases have been confirmed in Los Angeles County, Riverside County, and San Bernardino County.

Teams continue to test poultry in areas previously known to have infected birds in order to find any remaining pockets of disease. Now is a crucial time for adherence to biosecurity as we move closer to eradication. Until vND is eradicated, Southern California is at risk.

We request your assistance and cooperation in preventing the spread of this devastating poultry disease by following some important biosecurity precautions. These precautions will reduce the risk of introducing and spreading vND. State, county, city, and private inspectors, auditors and service providers should adhere to the following:

1) If possible, continue to suspend on-farm poultry area visits in: Imperial County, Kern County, Los Angeles County, Orange County, Riverside County, San Bernardino County, San Diego County, and Ventura County, if doing so does not present an eminent public health threat. If possible, replace on-site inspections in these counties with remote, record-based audits. Commercial poultry producers within these areas have been asked to minimize personnel entering live production areas. This request will be re-evaluated on March 1, 2020.

2) If in-person inspections or visits to poultry farms must occur in the aforementioned counties:

   a. Do not enter farms where eggs are hatched or poultry are raised if you have birds or live poultry at home.
b. Never visit any poultry farm within 72 hours after visiting another commercial poultry farm, egg or meat processor; after duck hunting or having had other exposure to wild migratory waterfowl; or visiting any backyard, school, feed store, swap meet, live bird market, pet store, fair, veterinary clinic, zoo, bird hunt club, or other facility which has live poultry or birds.

c. Always wash your vehicle before entering a farm/egg processing facility. A commercial car wash can be used for this purpose. Park your vehicle in a designated area per the company’s biosecurity plan or if there is none, try to park on cement or a paved area away from the production houses. Keep the inside of the vehicle clean and free of any organic material.

d. Use good personal hygiene measures including freshly laundered clothes and showering before visiting a poultry farm or processing facility. Clothing that has been worn to premises with birds or live poultry should never be worn to another farm or processing facility without being laundered between visits.

e. Never enter a poultry farm unless trained to apply and remove (don and doff) biosecurity clothing without spreading disease. If entering live bird areas, use clean, dedicated rubber boots or disposable plastic shoe covers, disposable coveralls, and a hair net. Use disposable gloves and a mask as directed by the company being inspected.

f. ALWAYS follow all the biosecurity instructions of the commercial poultry farm/egg processing facility including, but not limited to: registering in a logbook, answering queries about bird and poultry premises visited previously, disinfecting shoes or changing into dedicated footwear, and cleaning and disinfecting of vehicle wheel wells if they must enter a premises.

TO REPEAT THE MOST IMPORTANT POLICY: Always comply with the personnel entry and disinfection procedures required by poultry company policies. These procedures may include signing in and out, use of tire/truck wash stations, company supplied protective clothing and footwear, footbaths, hand cleaning stations, and other biosecurity measures.

Remember, people, equipment, and vehicles can easily spread dangerous diseases from one location to another. Personnel who spread the disease can be held liable. CDFA appreciates your efforts to protect poultry health in California on a daily basis.
For more information about the current vND incident, please visit:
https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/ahfss/animal_health/newcastle_disease_info.html

Sincerely,

Dr. Annette Jones, D.V.M.
Director and State Veterinarian