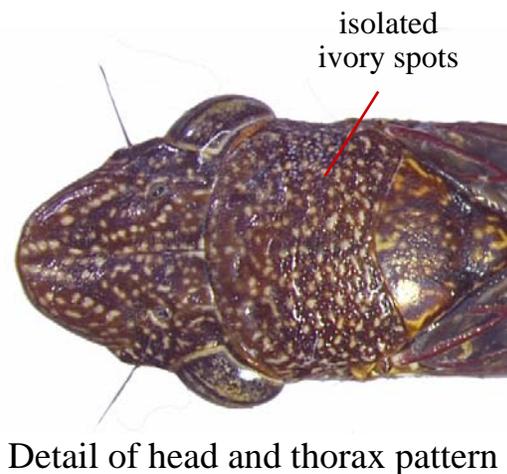
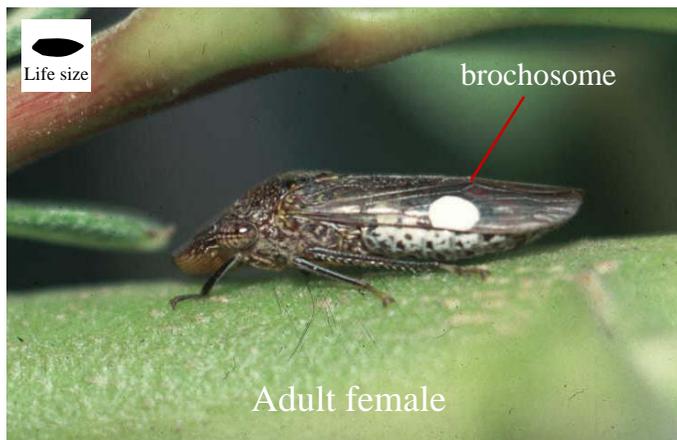


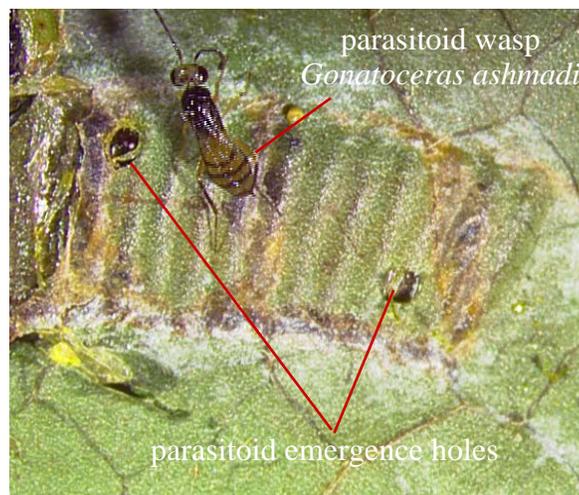
Glassy-winged sharpshooter

(*Homalodisca vitripennis*)

- ❑ Introduced from SE USA, now found throughout southern CA and northern Mexico.
- ❑ Hosts: Highly polyphagous, found on over 200 host plants. Transmits a bacterium, *Xylella fastidiosa*, which causes leaf scorch diseases in Oleander, Liquidambar and Grapes in CA.
- ❑ Field ID: Adult **large**, 11-14 mm long, **brown to black** with upper part of the head and thorax marked with numerous **ivory or yellowish spots** (wavy lines in the similar Smoke-tree sharpshooter). Females can carry a pair of chalky white masses on the middle of each wing, called brochosomes. Eggs are laid in rows in the underside of the leaves.



Healthy egg mass



Parasitized egg mass