DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ANIMAL HEALTH BRANCH

California Code of Regulations
Title 3. Food and Agriculture
Division 2. Animal Industry
Chapter 2. Livestock Disease Control

Section 839. Administrative Penalty Schedules.

- (a) Failure to comply with the provisions of Division 5 (commencing with section 9101) of the Food and Agricultural Code, and any regulations adopted pursuant to Division 5, excluding any regulation adopted pursuant to Food and Agricultural Code sections 10781-10786, constitutes a violation and is subject to an administrative penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) or more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation as authorized by section 9166 of the Food and Agricultural Code.
- (b) The Department shall use the provisions of this section to determine the violation class, severity of the violation, and amount of the penalty. One instance of conduct may result in multiple violations.
- (c) For purposes of this section, violations are classified as "serious," "moderate," or "minor". Repeat violations may result in an escalation of violation class and/or penalty. Escalation of penalties will apply for a revolving three-year period from the date of each unique section code violation.
- (d) Table "A" Administrative Violation Classification Schedule shall be used by the Department and provides the level of severity of a particular violation and the corresponding penalty range for "serious", "moderate", and "minor" violation classes for violations pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
 - 1. "Serious". Violations that occur recklessly or negligently, or where the risk for spreading animal disease or causing contamination poses an imminent threat to animals, animal products, public health, the environment, or the economy, or violations that resulted, or reasonably could have resulted in the introduction or spread of an animal disease; or interferes with the Department's efforts to mitigate the introduction or spread of animal diseases including animal disease traceability. Serious violations are punishable by an administrative penalty from five hundred one dollars (\$501) to one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
 - "Moderate". Violations in which there is a potential for spreading animal disease or causing contamination, or could pose a threat to animals, animal products, public health, the environment, or the economy; or effects the Department's efforts to mitigate the introduction or spread of animal diseases including animal disease traceability. Moderate violations are punishable by an administrative penalty from three hundred one dollars (\$301) to five hundred dollars (\$500).
 - 3. "Minor". Violations that are unintentional or have minimal risk of spreading animal disease or causing contamination or are unlikely to pose a threat to animals, animal products, public health, the environment, or the economy; or interferes minimally with the Department's efforts to mitigate the introduction or spread of animal diseases including animal disease traceability. Minor violations are punishable by an administrative penalty from one hundred dollars (\$100) to three hundred dollars (\$300).
- (e) Failure to comply with any regulations adopted pursuant to Food and Agricultural Code sections 10781-10786, constitutes a violation and is subject to an administrative penalty not

- to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) per individual animal as authorized by section 10786(a) of the Food and Agricultural Code.
- (f) Table "B" Administrative Violation Schedule shall be used by the Department to determine the severity of the violation and amount of the penalty for violations pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. One instance of conduct may result in multiple violations.
- (g) When determining the penalty for any violation of Division 5 (commencing with section 9101) of the Food and Agricultural Code and any regulations adopted pursuant to Division 5, the Department shall consider any aggravating or mitigating factors. The penalty assessed shall represent a totality of the circumstances; the greater risk or recalcitrance of the violator will place the assessed penalty progressively higher within the range. Cooperation, risk mitigation, and severity of the violation will be considered and will place the penalty at the lower end of the range. The Department shall assess each violation utilizing the following risk categories:
 - 1. Risk to animal health: A low risk to animal health is one where there is de minimis risk for animal disease to be introduced by an animal, animal product, or activity into pathways that negatively impact animals or leads to the spread of disease. A high risk is one where there is an imminent risk for animal disease to be introduced by an animal, animal product, or activity into pathways that negatively impact animals or leads to the spread of disease; or the event has resulted, or reasonably could have resulted in the introduction or spread of an animal disease.
 - 2. Risk to public health and/or food supply: A low risk to public health and/or food supply is one where the event or occurrence poses de minimis risk and only under irregular conditions could there be any possibility of an illness or contamination and all reasonable precautions have been taken. A high risk to human health or food supply is one where the event or occurrence poses significant risk and harm, has occurred or is likely to occur, and the violator knew or should have known that the event or activity would result in a risk to public health and food supply or the violator acted recklessly.
 - 3. Risk to the environment and/or economy: A low risk to the environment and/or the economy is one where there is a de minimis risk and only under irregular conditions could there be any possibility of an economic loss or contamination and all reasonable precautions have been taken. A high risk to the environment and economy is one where the risk is imminent or has occurred on multiple occasions and the violator knew or should have known that the event or activity would result in risk to the economy and/or environment or the violator acted recklessly.
 - Cooperation of the violator: The Department shall consider whether the violator has been non-responsive, recalcitrant or deceptive. The violation can be mitigated by compliance and subsequent remedial measures.
 - 5. Quarantine (Notice of Action Pursuant to Quarantine): It shall be considered high risk to animal health, public health, the environment, and/or the economy when there is any violation of quarantine as defined in Section 751(a)(25).

	Table "A" Administrative Violation Classification Schedule					
Food & Agricultural Code	Title 3 California Code of Regulations	Description of Violation	Minor \$100-\$300	Moderate \$301-\$500	Serious \$501-\$1000	
9101		Failure of any person designated in this section to report to the Department that any animal or animal product is or may be affected by, has been exposed to, or may be transmitting or carrying any condition specified under Monitored Conditions within thirty (30) days as specified in the "List of Reportable Conditions for Animals and Animal Products"	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent		
9101		Failure of any person designated in this section to report to the Department that any animal or animal product is or may be affected by, has been exposed to, or may be transmitting or carrying any condition specified under Regulatory Conditions within forty-eight (48) hours as specified in the "List of Reportable Conditions for Animals and Animal Products"		1 st & 2 nd violation	3 rd violation & subsequent	
9101		Failure of any person designated in this section to report to the Department that any animal or animal product is or may be affected by, has been exposed to, or may be transmitting or carrying any condition specified under Emergency Conditions within twenty-four (24) hours as specified in the "List of Reportable Conditions for Animals and Animal Products"			Any violation	
9161	1300.11(b)	Failure of any person receiving livestock which may be manifesting any disease condition specified in section 1300.1(a) or which were transported into California with a permit required by section 1300.1 to do any of the following: 1) notify the Department 2) segregate animals 3) hold animals 4) dispose of animals in accordance with article 2 or 5) prepare and maintain records of the transactions involving the animals			Any violation	
9161	1300.12	Failure of any person receiving livestock under the provisions of section 1300.11 to sell, transfer, transport, or otherwise dispose of as required by section 1300.12			Any violation	
9164		Any person that removes or causes to be removed any livestock from slaughterhouse pens, yards, corrals, or similar holding places where livestock is held for immediate slaughter without a permit except directly into the slaughterhouse		1st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	
9210		No person shall engage in the production of animal blood or blood component products for retail sale or distribution except in commercial licensed blood bank for animals licensed by the secretary			Any violation	
9241		No person shall offer for sale or use any biologic unless it is manufactured pursuant to			Any violation	

		the terms of a valid lineage on powerit insued by			
		the terms of a valid license or permit issued by			
		the US Department of Agriculture; or blood or			
		blood component product unless it is			
		produced in an establishment licensed by the			
		secretary			
9351		Any person that willfully sells, except for			Any violation
		immediate slaughter, or exposes other			
		livestock not so infected, to any cattle which			
		have or are infected with the Boophilus			
		annulatus tick			
9352		Any person that knowingly sells any sheep or			Any violation
		cattle infected with scabies, or to expose them			
		in such a manner as may infect other sheep or			
		cattle which are not infected with scabies			
		Failure to transport all animals directly and	1st & 2nd	3 rd violation	
9561	760.2(g)	without delay to the destination stated on the	violation	& subsequent	
3332	7 0012(8)	Certificate of Veterinary Inspection		a sanssaque	
		Failure to transport all animals directly and	1st & 2nd	3 rd violation	
9561	760.3(h)	without delay to the destination stated on the	violation	& subsequent	
9301	700.3(11)	Interstate Livestock Entry Permit	Violation	& subsequent	
			1 st violation	2 nd violation	
		Failure to meet the following entry	1st violation		
		requirements for Rams ≥ six (6) months of age		& subsequent	
		1) official individual identification 2) negative			
9561	760.4	official test for Brucella ovis within 60 days			
		before entry or be from a Brucella ovis-free			
		flock unless exempt by section 760.4(a)(2)(A),			
		3) Certificate of Veterinary Inspection			
		Failure to meet the following entry	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
		requirements for all animals imported into	violation	& subsequent	
9561	760.5(a) & (b)	California 1) Interstate Livestock Entry Permit			
		unless exempt by 760.5(a) 2) official			
		identification			
		A missing Certificate of Veterinary Inspection			
9561	760.5(c)	for all sexually intact breeding animals			
		imported into California			
		Failure to meet the following entry	1 st violation	2 nd violation	
		requirements for all animals imported into		& subsequent	
9561	760.5(d)	California for exhibition 1) official		'	
		identification 2) Certificate of Veterinary			
		Inspection 3) Interstate Livestock Entry Permit			
		Missing official identification for all animals	1 st violation	2 nd violation	
9561	760.6(a)	changing ownership in California unless	1 VIOIACION	& subsequent	
JJ01	700.0(a)	exempt by section 760.6(a)		& subsequent	
			1 st violation	2 nd violation	
9561	760.6(b)	Missing official identification for exhibition	Taylolation		
		animals	act ! I !!	& subsequent	
0564	024.4/1.)	Failure to obtain a Certificate of Veterinary	1 st violation	2 nd violation	
9561	821.4(b)	Inspection for poultry imported into California		& subsequent	
	455	unless exempt by 821.4(b)			
9561	1301.1(g)	Failure of an owner to segregate or isolate the			Any violation
		population of animals or animal product no			
		later than the date and time and by the			
		method determined by the State Veterinarian			
		as specified in a Notice of Required Action			
		Pursuant to Quarantine			
9561	1301.1(h)	Failure of an owner to treat the population of			Any violation
	1	animals or animal product no later than the			

		data and time and but he mathed determined			
		date and time and by the method determined			
		by the State Veterinarian as specified in a			
		Notice of Required Action Pursuant to			
05.64	4204.0(-)(2)	Quarantine			A i - l - t i
9561	1301.8(a)(2)	The owner refuses to permit or interferes with			Any violation
		an inspection of a population of animals or			
		animal product or the premises to ascertain			
		compliance of a Notice of Required Action			
05.64	1221 2/ \/2\	Pursuant to Quarantine			
9561	1301.8(a)(3)	The owner fails to cooperate with or interferes			Any violation
		with an epidemiological investigation			
9561	1301.8(a)(4)	The owner fails to complete or cooperate with			Any violation
		an epidemiological investigation, plan of action			
		or eradication program to control of eliminate			
		a condition			
9563	1301.1(e)	Owner moves a population of animals or			Any violation
		animal product from a quarantine premises			
9563	1301.1(f)	Failure of an owner to move a population of			Any violation
		animals or animal product to a location			
		specified by the State Veterinarian no later			
		than a date and time and by the method			
		determined by the State Veterinarian as			
		specified in a Notice of Required Action			
		Pursuant to Quarantine			
9570	1300.1	Failure to obtain a permit for transporting			Any violation
3370	1500.1	diseased animals into California			
		Failure to obtain a certificate of health from	1 st violation	2 nd violation	
		the state of origin issued by an accredited		& subsequent	
9641.5(a)(1)		veterinarian for any horse or other Equidae			
		brought into this State unless exempt by			
		section 9641.6			
		Any horse or other Equidae brought into this		1 st violation	2 nd violation
		state without verification that the horse or			& subsequent
9641.5(a)(2)		other Equidae has been tested within the			
3041.3(a)(2)		preceding twelve (12) months and found			
		negative to a test for Equine Infectious Anemia			
		unless exempt by section 9641.5(b).			
9694	1301.1(i)	Failure of an owner to cooperate with the			Any violation
		State Veterinarian to destroy and dispose of			
		the remains of the population of animals or			
		animal product no later than the date and time			
		and by the method determined by the State			
		Veterinarian as specified in the Notice of			
		Required Action Pursuant to Quarantine			
9695		It is unlawful for any person to hide, secrete,			Any violation
		or failure to disclose any animal or property			
		that is suffering from, or that has been			
		exposed or potentially exposed to any disease			
		subject to a current quarantine order, or to fail			
		to disclose the whereabouts of that animal or			
		property			
9696		It is unlawful for any person to fail or refuse to			Any violation
		• •	I	I	1
		dispose of any property destroyed in the			
		dispose of any property destroyed in the manner prescribed by the State Veterinarian			

9697		It is unlawful for any person to fail or refuse to			Any violation
3037		clean or disinfect any premises in the manner			7 ary violation
		prescribed by the State Veterinarian when			
		directed to do so by the State Veterinarian			
9698		It is unlawful for any person to violate any			Any violation
		quarantine order which regulates restricts, or			7 , 1.0.0.0.0
		restrains the movement of persons, vehicles,			
		farm equipment, farm and dairy products into,			
		from, or from place to place within a			
		quarantined district, area, or premises			
9699		It is unlawful for any person to violate the			Any violation
3033		conditions of any permit which authorizes the			Any violation
		permittee to travel upon any road or highway			
		within a quarantined district, area, or premises			
9702		It is unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to			Any violation
9702		<u> </u>			Any violation
		fail to stop upon demand of a clearly identified			
		animal health quarantine officer when ordered			
		to stop for having reasonable cause to believe			
		a violation of quarantine is occurring	act o and	and a list	
	224/13/23/23/43	Failure of any state licensed veterinarian to	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
10325	831(b)(3)(B)(1)	submit a Report of Heifers Spayed After Arrival	violation	& subsequent	
		within seven (7) days after spaying			
		Cattle or bison, excluding steers and identified			Any violation
		spayed females, from areas under brucellosis			
10326	753.2(b)	quarantine by the federal government, state,			
		or country of origin shall not be allowed to			
		enter California			
		Mexico origin sexually intact cattle more than		1 st violation	2 nd violation
		six (6) months of age without a negative			& subsequent
10326	755.4(c)(2)(A)	official tuberculosis and brucellosis test			
		completed within 60 calendar days prior to			
		entering California from Mexico			
		Brucellosis vaccination age, non-brucellosis	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	4 th violation
		vaccinated dairy calves, native to their state of	violation		& subsequent
10226	921/h\/2\	origin, who was issued a Special Entry Permit,			
10326	831(b)(2)	but was not brucellosis vaccinated within			
		fourteen (14) calendar days after arrival by a			
		contract veterinarian			
		Non-brucellosis vaccinated dairy heifers native	1st & 2nd	3 rd violation	4 th violation
		to a Minimal Risk State, issued a Special Entry	violation		& subsequent
10326	831(b)(3)	Permit, not spayed within six (6) months after			·
	, , , ,	arrival by a California state-licensed			
		veterinarian			
		Failure to meet entry requirements for dairy	1 st violation	2 nd violation	
		breed female cattle more than four (4) months		& subsequent	
		of age required to have official brucellosis		a subscaucine	
10327	753.1(c)(1)	calfhood vaccination, indicated by the			
10327	755.1(0)(1)	presence of legible official calfhood brucellosis			
		vaccination tattoo unless exempt by sections			
		753.1(c)(2) or (c)(3)			
			1 st violation	2 nd violation	
		Failure to have female dairy calves vaccinated	T. violation		
10351	752(a)(1)	against brucellosis with an approved vaccine		& subsequent	
		between the ages of four (4) through twelve			
		(12) months			
10352	752(a)(4)	Failure to report the use of all vaccines for	Any		
	` ` ` '	brucellosis calfhood vaccination and eartags	violation		

		used for identification to the Animal Health Branch within fourteen (14) calendar days			
		No person shall move, or cause to be moved,	1 st violation	2 nd violation	3 rd violation
		from one location to another within California	1 Violation	2 Violation	3 Violation
10610	753	or receive, or cause to be received, any female			
10010	733	cattle of the dairy breeds unless they bear			
		evidence of official brucellosis vaccination			
		Cattle that have been in Mexico and are forty			Any violation
	,,,	(40) percent or more dairy breed in			,
10610	755.4(b)	appearance of genetics shall not be imported			
		into California			
		Cattle, bison, goats and cervids more than six		1 st violation	2 nd violation
		(6) months of age missing a negative official			& subsequent
10610	758(b)(1)	tuberculosis test completed within sixty (60)			
		calendar days prior to entering California			
		unless exempt by section 758(c)			
		Failure to meet entry requirement for non-		1 st violation	2 nd violation
		virgin bulls less than eighteen (18) months of			& subsequent
		age and bulls eighteen (18) months of age and			
10610	820.3(a)	over must have a negative DNA detection or			
		amplification-based trichomonosis test result			
		within sixty (60) calendar days prior to entry			
		into California unless exempt by section			
		820.3(d)		1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation
		Failure of any bull originating from a herd in which trichomonosis has been diagnosed		violation	& subsequent
		within the past twenty four (24) months to		Violation	& subsequent
		have 1) two (2) negative trichomonosis tests			
		conducted on specimens collected at least			
10610	820.3(b)	seven (7) calendar days apart but not more			
10010	020.3(5)	than 28 calendar days apart, with the last test			
		conducted within sixty (60) calendar days prior			
		to entry and 2) Certificate of Veterinary			
		Inspection that states the requirements in			
		subsections (a)(2) and (b)(1) have been met			
		Failure of non-virgin bulls less than eighteen		1 st violation	2 nd violation
		(18) months of age and bulls eighteen (18)			& subsequent
		months of age and over changing ownership to			
10610	820.4(c)	be accompanied by a negative DNA detection			
		or amplification-based trichomonosis test			
		within sixty (60) calendar days prior to sale			
		unless exempt by section 820.4(c)(1)			
		Bulls may be exempt from trichomonosis test	1 st violation	2 nd violation	
	222 4/)/4)/=)	when sold to a buyer entering into a Bull		& subsequent	
10610	820.4(c)(1)(E)	Slaughter Agreement. Failure to follow the			
	(2)	agreement requirements at change of			
		ownership as outlined in section			
		820.4(c)(1)(E)(2)	Ami		
		Failure of a Public saleyards to post a sign or	Any		
		notice containing the statement "Non-virgin	violation		
10610	820.4(d)	bulls less than 18 months of age and all bulls 18 months of age and over sold for breeding			
		must have a negative trichomonois test or be			
		consigned as slaughter only"			

10610	830.3(g)	All animals not transported directly and without delay to the destination stated on the	1 st & 2 nd violation	3 rd violation	4 th violation & subsequent
		Certificate of Veterinary Inspection All animals must be transported directly to the	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	4 th violation
10610	830.4(g)	destination stated on the Interstate Livestock Entry Permit	violation	3 VIOIALION	& subsequent
10610	831(a)(1)	Owners of beef breeding herds moving their herd to another state for pasture and to return to California after out of state pasture without a Pasture to Pasture Permit	1 st & 2 nd violation	3 rd violation	4 th violation & subsequent
10610	831(a)(2)	Owners moving cattle to enter California for a one-time event, or return to California at the conclusion of a one-time event in another state, without a One-Time Event Permit	1 st & 2 nd violation	3 rd violation	4 th violation & subsequent
10610	831(b)(4)	Failure to meet requirements of a Special Entry Permit issued for entry of cattle for feeding at a terminal feedlot or moved into slaughter pens by the owner or agent of the owner		1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent
10610	831(b)(5)	Failure to meet requirements of a Special Entry Permit for entry of heifers under eighteen (18) months of age for feeding at a registered feedlot by the owner or agent of the owner		1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent
10610	831.2(c)(1)	Removal of official identification devices is prohibited except at the time of slaughter, at any other location upon the death of the animal, or as otherwise approved by the Department or USDA when a device needs to be replaced	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	
10610	831.2(g)	Official identification devices are not to be sold or otherwise transferred from the premises to which they were originally issued to another premises without authorization by the Department or USDA	1 st & 2 nd violation	3 rd violation & subsequent	
10610	831.3(a)	Cattle and bison listed in subsections (1)-(7) of section 831.3 (a) without official identification before entering California using an official identification device or method as provided in section 831.2(a), unless exempt by section 831.3(b)	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	
10610	831.4(a)	Cattle and bison moved into California without a Certificate of Veterinary Inspection pursuant to section 830.3, unless exempt by 831.4(a)	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	
10610	831.4(d)	Cattle and bison without an Interstate Livestock Entry Permit in accordance with section 830.4, unless exempt by section 831.4(d)	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	
10610	831.5(a)	Dairy cattle born in California after January 1, 2017 not officially identified as provided in section 831.2(a) prior to leaving their birth premises, unless exempt by section 831.5(a)	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	
10610	831.5(b)	Dairy cattle without official identification when changing ownership, unless exempt by section 831.5(b)	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	
10610	831.5(c)	Non-virgin sexually intact male cattle less than eighteen (18) months of age and sexually intact male cattle eighteen (18) months of age	1 st violation	2 nd violation & subsequent	

		and over without individual official			
		identification prior to change of ownership,			
		unless exempt by section 831.5(c)			
			1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
		Beef breed female cattle moving to recognized slaughtering establishments without being	violation		
10610	831.5(d)		Violation	& subsequent	
		officially identified in accordance with section			
		831.2(a) or have a USDA approved backtag	451	2nd: - ! - +:	
10610	831.5(d)(1)	Failure to correlate USDA approved backtags	1 st violation	2 nd violation	
		to an owner	ast o and	& subsequent	
		Failure of any USDA accredited and state	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
	,	licensed veterinarians issuing Certificates of	violation	& subsequent	
10610	837(a)	Veterinary Inspection to maintain the			
		Certificates of Veterinary Inspection with			
		supporting documents for (5) five years		and and	
		Failure of approved livestock facilities,	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
		approved tagging sites, registered feedlots and	violation	& subsequent	
		livestock markets to keep Certificates of			
10610	837(b)	Veterinary Inspection or alternate			
		documentation with supporting documents			
		required for the movement of livestock			
		entering the facility for five (5) years			
		Failure of approved licensed dealers to keep	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
		an individual identification record for each	violation	& subsequent	
		animal sufficient to identify the animal, seller			
10610	837(c)	and buyer, and Certificates of Veterinary			
		Inspection or alternate documentation with			
		supporting documents for the movement of			
		livestock for five (5) years			
		Failure to keep documents recording intrastate	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
10610	837(e)	movements as required by the owner of the	violation	& subsequent	
		animal for five (5) years			
		Failure of USDA accredited and state-licensed	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
		veterinarians or other persons or entities	violation	& subsequent	
		distributing official eartags or any person			
		applying official eartags to animals on behalf			
		of the owner to maintain for five (5) years a			
10610	837(f)	record, including but not limited to, the names			
		and addresses of anyone to whom the devices			
		were distributed or the owner of the animals,			
		official eartag numbers of the devices			
		distributed or applied, and the date of			
		distribution or application			
		Failure of any person applying USDA approved	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation	
		backtags to animals to maintain for five (5)	violation	& subsequent	
10610	927/1\	years a record, including but not limited to, the			
10010	837(I)	names and addresses of the owner of the			
		animals, backtag numbers applied, and the			
		date of application			
10610	1302.2	Failure of any applicant to comply with the		1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation
10010	1302.2	requirements for approved terminal feedlots		violation	& subsequent
10610	1202.2	Failure of any applicant to comply with		1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation
10610	1302.3	requirements of a Slaughter Pen status		violation	& subsequent
		It is unlawful for any person to feed swine any	1 st violation	2 nd violation	3 rd violation
10054	704.4	garbage unless the garbage has been			& subsequent
10951	794.1	processed in accordance with CCR section			,
	1	-	1	1	

		Failure to maintain records for a period of two	1 st & 2 nd	3 rd violation
18727	1300.14	(2) years after the date of receipt of the	violation	& subsequent
		animals		

	Table "B" Administrative Violation Schedule				
Food & Agricultural Code	Title 3 California Code of Regulations	Description of Violation	Penalty		
10781	796.4(b)	Swine imported into California for any purpose, except slaughter, without 1) Certificate of Veterinary Inspection 2) Official identification 3) Interstate Livestock Entry Permit 4) negative test result to official pseudorabies test within thirty (30 days) prior to entry unless exempt by section 796.4(d)	\$25-\$100 per animal		
10781	796.5(b)	Swine imported into California for any purpose, except slaughter, without 1) Certificate of Veterinary Inspection 2) Interstate Livestock Entry Permit 3) official identification and 4) for sexually intact swine over four (4) months of age, a negative test result to an official brucellosis test within thirty (30) days prior to entry unless exempt by section 796.5(d)	\$25-\$100 per animal		
10781	796.2(g)	All animals were not transported directly and without delay to the destination stated on the Certificate of Veterinary Inspection	\$25-\$100 per animal		
10781	796.3(h)	All animals were not transported directly and without delay to the destination stated on the Interstate Livestock Entry Permit	\$25-\$100 per animal		
10781	796.6(b)	Swine imported for immediate slaughter at a state or federally inspected slaughter without 1) Interstate Livestock Entry Permit and 2) official identification and 3) being unloaded at the slaughter facility within twenty-four (24) hours after entering California without diversion and 4) being slaughtered within 14 days of importation	\$25-\$100 per animal		

Note: Authority cited: Sections 9166 and 10786, Food and Agricultural Code. Reference: Sections 9101, 9161, 9164, 9210, 9241, 9351, 9352, 9561, 9563, 9570, 9641.5(a)(1), 9641.5(a)(2), 9694, 9695, 9696, 9697, 9698, 9699, 9702, 10325, 10326, 10327, 10351, 10352, 10610, 10951, 18727 and 10781, Food and Agricultural Code.